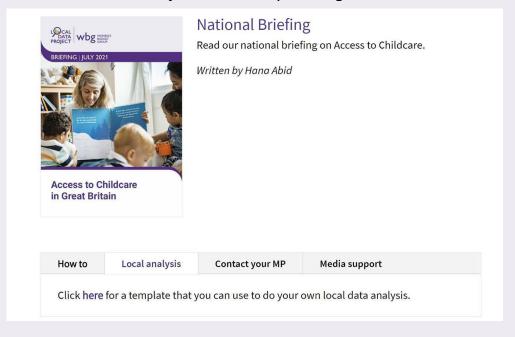


## 'HOW TO'

## Access data on childcare provision

Our national briefing on Access to Childcare has been produced as part of the Local Data Project. Here we want to show you how to tailor the key information in the briefing to your local area. NOTE: this explainer will work with data on providers in England. The data for Scotland focuses on attendance.

You can find the national briefing and the template for your own local analysis on the Local Data Project website by clicking here.



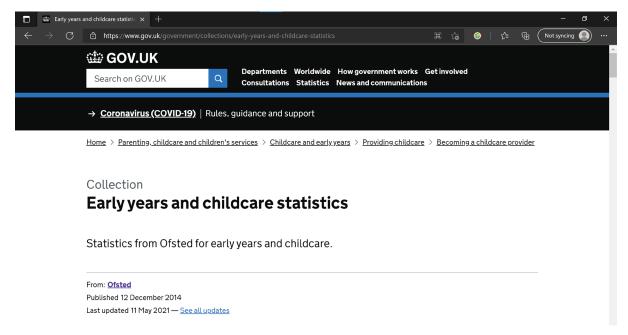
Let's work through the data together.



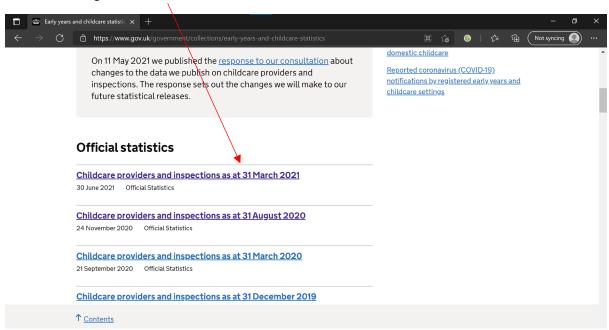
## Let's start with the data for England

First, you will need to get the spreadsheet from the gov.uk website. You can do that by clicking here.

This will take you to the space where data from Ofsted (The Office for Standards in Education) is presented.



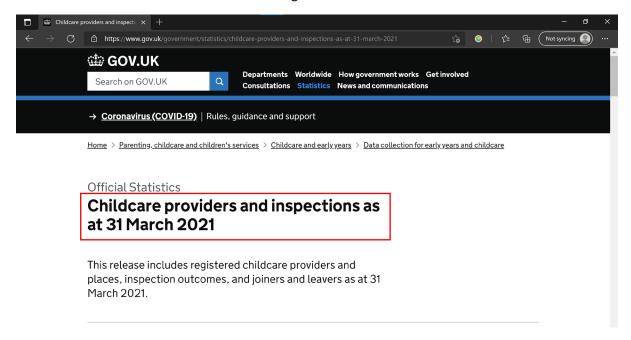
Scroll down to get to the latest version.



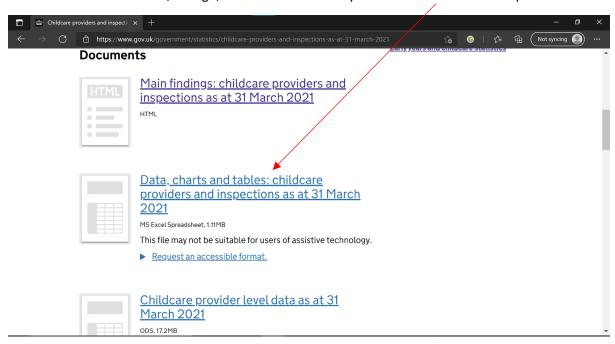
It might also be useful to look at the data from previous releases, which you can also find on this page.



The latest version used in our childcare briefing is this one:



You'll need to download the spreadsheet. Normally you can choose between the Excel spreadsheet and the open data format ODS file. There are some differences in how the data is presented between these documents, though, so we'd recommend you **use the Excel version** if possible.

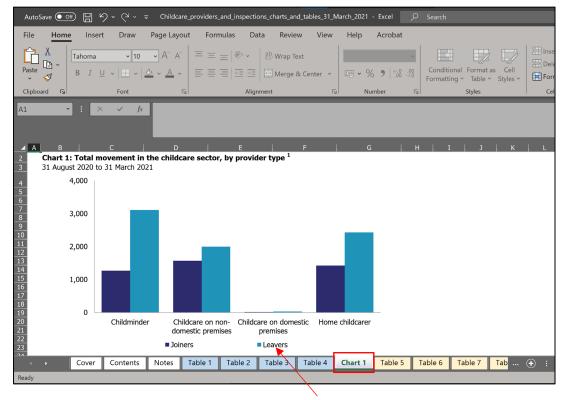


Once the spreadsheet has downloaded, you can open it. Before analysing the data, click on 'Enable editing' as this will make navigating through the data possible.





First, you can get an overview by looking at the chart – see Chart 1

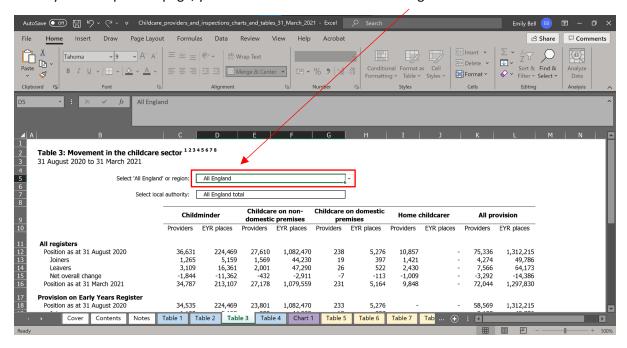


You can clearly see the trend that more providers left the sector than those who joined.

This trend is interesting, but let's find out more about provision at the local level. To get a more detailed picture, we can use the data in table 3 or table 4.

Let's start with table 3.

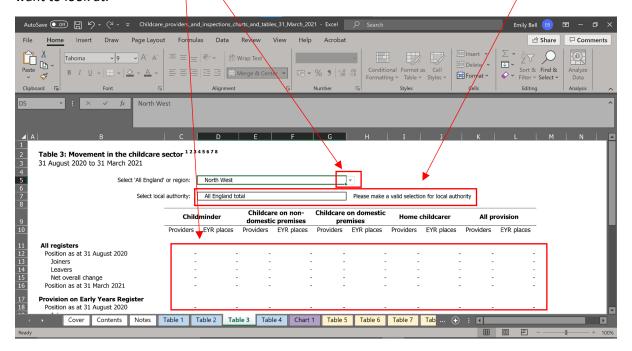
When you first open the page, you will see the total numbers for England.



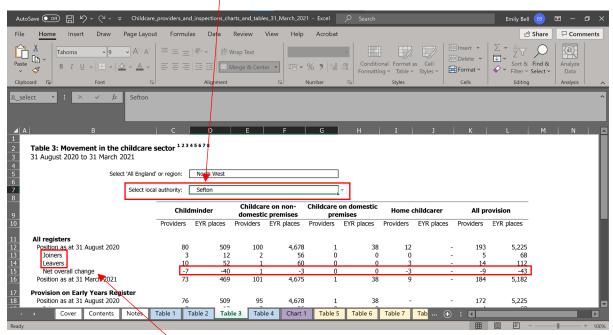


If we click next to the box here, we can choose our region from the dropdown menu.

The numbers will then disappear. Don't worry! You just need to select which local authority you want to look at.



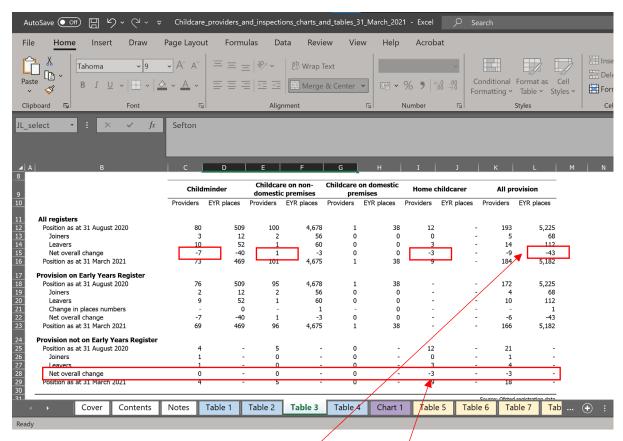
Once you have chosen the local authority you want, again by clicking the arrow next to the box, you can then see how many providers have joined and left.



You can also see the net change. In other words, whether there are more or fewer providers and/or places in March 2021 compared to August 2020.



Let's look more closely at Sefton as an example. We can see that there has been a net loss of childminder providers and home childcarers, but a net gain in providers of childcare on non-domestic premises.



We can also note that the changes have mostly been in providers on the Early Years register, with the only changes from non-EYR providers coming from the home childcarer category.

Overall, only a few places have been lost (43) relative to the overall amount of places available at the start of the period (5,225).

You can calculate what percentage that is by using the formula  $x \div y \times 100$ 

So, 
$$43 \div 5225 \times 100 = 0.8\%$$

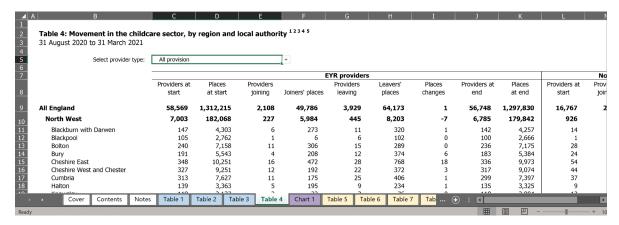
The loss in providers, though, is more significant:

$$9 \div 193 \times 100 = 4.66\%$$

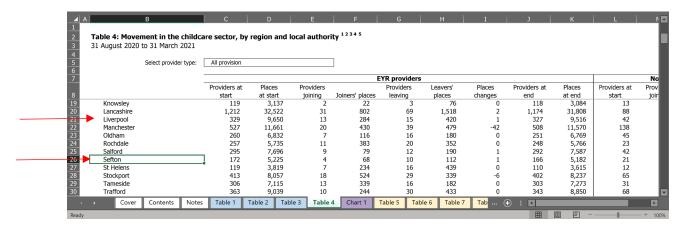
It might be a good idea, though, to compare with the data from the previous release so that any trends can be compared to the longer-term view.



Table 4 provides the same information, but in a different format. Here, all the information about providers/places is provided for each local authority.



You might want to use this format to compare local authorities in the same region, for example. However, you would need to calculate the net losses/gains yourself as this information is not calculated on this table.



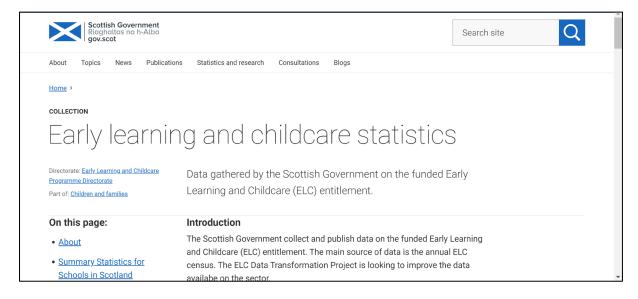


Now, let's move on to Scotland.

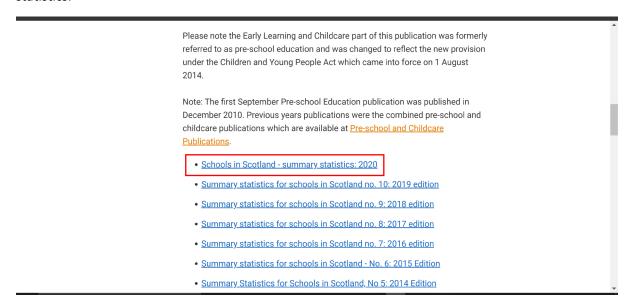
It's important to note here that the data we're going to look at is **not** measuring the same thing as the Ofsted data. This data is about attendance, rather than availability.

During a pandemic you can expect to see a fall in the number of children attending childcare, but that doesn't tell us anything about providers joining or leaving the market. This means that you should adapt your local data project to include what is relevant to your local area in Scotland.

So, data on childcare attendance can be found here.



When you scroll down the page, you find all the previous releases and the most up-to-date information. There is a lot of other information available too, but we want the most recent summary statistics.



When you download this document, you need to go to chapter 5, which starts on page 20.



Some of the data has been analysed already. Explore p20 to read more.

## **Chapter 5: Early Learning and Childcare**

95% of eligible three and four year olds were registered for funded ELC (98% in 2019)

**9%** of two year olds were registered for funded ELC (11% in 2019)

Table 5.1 shows that there were 90,126 registrations for funded Early Learning and Childcare (ELC) in September 2020, a decrease of 6.5% since September 2019 when there were 96,375 registrations. Uptake of funded ELC for eligible three and four year olds remains very high, with an estimated 95% registered (98% in 2019). Children registered to receive funded ELC at more than one centre may be counted more than once, so this will slightly overestimate true uptake. The decrease in the uptake of funded ELC this year may be due to the effects of COVID-19, with some parents choosing not to register their children.

The number of two year olds registered for funded ELC has decreased from 5,990 in 2019 to 4,863 in 2020. 9% of all two year olds were registered in 2020, a decrease from 11% in 2019.

On page 21, you will find data tables which record how many children were registered for funded childcare in different areas. You can compare this information with previous releases, but some of the calculations also appear on page 20.

Table 5.1: Registrations<sup>(1)</sup> for funded early learning and childcare at local authority and partnership centres, September 2020

	Under 2	2 year olds		3 & 4 year olds <sup>(2)</sup>		Deferred entry <sup>(4)</sup>		
		Number	% of population	Number	% of those eligible <sup>(3)</sup>	Number	% of those eligible <sup>(5)</sup>	Total
Aberdeen City	0	73	3	3,046	90	256	22	3,375
Aberdeenshire	2	152	5	4,201	95	322	21	4,677
Angus	0	89	8	1,529	91	162	29	1,780
Argyll and Bute	0	61	9	1,093	99	92	25	1,246
City of Edinburgh	90	374	8	6,907	95	527	22	7,898
Clackmannanshire	0	110	21	790	97	28	10	928
<b>Dumfries and Galloway</b>	0	104	8	2,021	105	163	25	2,288
Dundee City	1	207	15	2,062	93	234	32	2,504
East Ayrshire	26	181	15	1,865	98	88	13	2,160
East Dunbartonshire	11	74	7	1,803	97	133	22	2,021
East Lothian	6	42	4	1,690	97	158	26	1,896
East Renfrewshire	7	70	7	1,668	95	110	18	1,855
Falkirk	0	137	9	2,307	95	202	24	2,646
Fife	0	488	14	5,334	95	325	17	6,147
Glasgow City	42	535	9	8,366	86	553	17	9,496
Highland	0	144	7	3,366	102	442	39	3,952
Inverclyde	43	123	18	1,074	104	83	24	1,323
Midlothian	1	137	12	1,700	94	155	25	1,993
Moray	0	59	7	1,414	105	131	28	1,604
Na h-Eileanan Siar	2	20	9	362	95	32	26	416